



## UK General Data Protection Policy

Version	6
Approved by:	Board of Trustees
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Policy owner:	CFOO/DPO

**Inclusion** – Improving education for everyone.

**Integrity** – We are consistently open, honest, ethical, and genuine.

**Initiative** – We have the courage to always seek a better way to a better future.

**Involvement** – We encourage our community to take ownership and responsibility.

**Inspiration** – We use our drive and commitment to energise, engage and inspire.

## Table of version reference

Revision	Date	Comments
2.0	Mar'20	Addition of: Legislation changes and advise from our DPO Sharing Information with Third parties, Subject Access Request.
3.0	Feb'21	The UK GDPR policy has been updated as the change from the Act to Regulations were nearly 3 years ago.  Wording change in section: Academy Commitment and The need for consent  We have also taken out all legal reasons on page 1 as only one is applicable to Trusts/Academies, and if not consent will be needed.
4.0	Feb'23	Wording amended from GDPR to UK GDPR
5.0	Sept'24	<b>Updates from Plumsun following guidance from the ICO</b> Section 1 paragraph 2 – change of wording Section 1 article 9 – added to paragraph wording Section 7 – additional paragraph added Section 10 last paragraph, additional bullet added Section 11 additional bullet added
6.0	Mar 26	<b>Updates from Plumsun following guidance from the ICO</b> Page 4 - Word change in section: Our Commitment Page 10 - Word change in section: Data Access Requests

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## 1. Our Commitment

The Trust is committed to the protection of all personal and sensitive data for which it holds responsibility as the Data Controller, the handling of such data in line with the data protection principles (see below) and the Data Protection Act (DPA).

The UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) is a UK law that took effect on 01 January 2021 and sets out the key principles, rights and obligations for most processing of personal data in the UK, except for law enforcement and intelligence agencies.

It is based on the EU GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation (EU) 2016/679), which was applied in the UK before that date, with some changes to make it work more effectively in a UK context.

The DPA 2018 sets out the framework for data protection law in the UK. It was amended on 01 January 2021 by regulations under the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, to reflect the UK's status outside the EU.

This policy is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the UK GDPR.

The DUAA is a new Act of Parliament that updates some laws about digital information matters. Due to the Data (Use and Access) Act coming into law on 19 June 2025, It changes data protection laws in order to promote innovation and economic growth and make things easier for organisations, whilst it still protects people and their rights. Changes will be phased in between June 2025 and June 2026.

ICO guidance is under review and may be subject to change. This Policy will be updated following changes to Guidance when provided by the ICO.

This Policy reflects relevant changes:

**New 'recognised legitimate interests' lawful basis:** when the school uses personal information for certain 'recognised legitimate interests', DUAA removes the need for the school to balance the impact on the people whose personal information we use, against the benefits arising from that use. For example, when protecting public security.

**Disclosures that help other organisations perform their public tasks:** it allows the school to give personal information to organisations such as the police, without having to decide whether the school needs the information to perform our public tasks or functions. Instead, the organisation making the request is responsible for this decision.

**Assumption of compatibility:** it allows the school to assume that some re-uses of personal information are compatible with the original purpose you collected it for, without having to do a compatibility test. This includes disclosing personal information for the purposes of archiving in the public interest, even if you originally only got consent for a different purpose.

**Subject access requests (SARs):** it makes it clear that the school only has to make reasonable and proportionate searches when someone asks for access to their

personal information.

Data protection legislation shall be monitored and implemented to remain compliant with all requirements.

### Article 6 Lawfulness of processing

Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the **public interest** or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller;

### Article 9 Processing of special categories of personal data

Special Category Data is personal data that's considered more sensitive and given greater protection in law. The school processes special category data, which is directly linked to the school's lawfulness of processing, tasks carried out in the public interest, and specifically, paragraphs 6 to 28 of schedule 1 of the Data Protection Act 2018;

- Equality of opportunity or treatment
- Safeguarding of children and of individuals at risk
- Preventing fraud

Special category data the school includes:

- racial or ethnic origin
- religious or philosophical beliefs
- trade-union membership
- biometric information (for example, a fingerprint)
- health matters (for example, medical information)
- sexual matters or sexual orientation

The school includes, as best practice, to also treat as special category data any personal data about:

- a safeguarding matter
- pupils in receipt of pupil premium
- pupils with special educational needs and disability (SEND)
- children in need (CIN)
- children looked after by a local authority (CLA)

If personal information meets the above criteria, then individuals who have personal information held by us will be made aware of the personal information and the criteria for holding the information in the 'Information Audit' document, located on our website.

## 2. Roles

The member of staff responsible for data protection, the Data Controller, is the Head Teacher. The Head Teacher may delegate data controller duties as necessary.

The Data Controller is the person who (either alone or jointly or in common with other persons) determines the purposes for which and the manner in which any personal data are, or are to be processed

The Data Protection Officer (DPO) is Ruth Hawker, Plumsun Ltd. Contact details can be found on the website: [www.plumsun.com](http://www.plumsun.com)

The DPO monitors internal compliance, and informs and advises the Trust and the Academies about their data protection obligations and acts as a contact point for data subjects and the supervisory authority.

The DPO is independent, an expert in data protection, adequately resourced, and reports to the highest management level.

All staff will treat all student information in a confidential manner and follow the guidelines as set out in this document.

Any Data Processors, processing data on behalf of the Trust and the Academies (i.e. external organisations) will confirm that they are achieving their obligations under the UK GDPR Regulations, and are registered with the ICO.

### 3. Training

The Academies are committed to ensuring that staff are aware of data protection policies, legal requirements.

#### **Notifications:**

Data processing activities and persons responsible will be registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) as required by the ICO. Details are available from the ICO: <https://ico.org.uk/about-the-ico/what-we-do/register-of-data-controllers/><https://ico.org.uk/about-the-ico/what-we-do/register-of-data-controllers/>

Changes to the type of data processing activities being undertaken shall be notified to the ICO and details amended in the register.

Breaches of personal or sensitive data shall be notified to the individual(s) concerned and the ICO as specified in the UK GDPR Regulations.

### 4. Personal and Sensitive Data

All data within the Academy's control shall be identified as personal, sensitive or both to ensure that it is handled in compliance with legal requirements and access to it does not breach the rights of the individuals to whom it relates.

The definitions of personal and sensitive data shall be those published by the ICO for guidance.

## 5. Principles

Under the UK GDPR, the data protection principles set out the main responsibilities for organisations.

Article 5 of the UK GDPR requires that personal data shall be:

- “a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to individuals;
- b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes;
- c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed;
- d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay;
- e) kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed; personal data may be stored for longer periods insofar as the personal data will be processed solely for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes subject to implementation of the appropriate technical and organisational measures required by the UK GDPR in order to safeguard the rights and freedoms of individuals; and
- f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures.”

Article 5(2) requires that:

- “the controller shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate, compliance with the principles.”
- Notifications shall be in accordance with ICO guidance and, where relevant, be written in a form understandable by those defined as ‘Children’ under the legislation.

## 6. The Need for Consent

We will ask for consent to hold and process personal information if there is no lawful basis for doing so (See Article 6 and Article 9 above)

## 7. Data Breaches

All data breaches must be immediately reported to the Data Controller (Head Teacher).

The Data Protection Controller will assess whether the breach needs to be reported to the ICO and/or individuals concerned.

The Data Controller will make any necessary reports.

Breaches may be reported when:

- Where the incident does not meet the threshold to report, but will be reported

Breaches will be reported when:

- Where the incident meets the threshold to report
- When the incident is ambiguous as to whether the breach meets the threshold or not

Immediate Action will be taken to review how the breach has occurred, and to make any necessary changes to procedures to ensure that the same problems do not arise in the future.

The Data Protection Officer will provide a monitoring role and be a contact point for the supervisory authority as necessary.

## 8. Protection Impact Statements

The Academy will evidence the thought and decision making process about data protection when designing any processes in Academy which involve personal data.

A Data Protection Impact Statement (DPIA) is needed when it is likely to result in potentially high risk:

- New Technology is being deployed
- A profiling operation is likely to significantly affect individuals
- There is processing on a large scale of the special categories of data ('special categories' as specified in UK GDPR guidance)

## 9. Individuals Rights

Individuals have the right to:

- Be informed about what data is being held (Information Audit Document published on the Academy website).
- Be informed about how and why the data is being processed (Information Audit Document published on the Academy website).
- The right to access any data that is being held (see Subject Access Requests below).
- The right to request that any data is erased (see Subject Access Requests below).
- The right to restrict processing.
- The right to data portability (that the individual can transport the data held about them to another service) if the data is held by automatic means.
- The right to object to the way data is being held or processed.
- The right not to be subject to automated decision-making.

The individual can write to the Head Teacher regarding requests for data to be erased, to restrict processing, to data portability, to not be subject to automated decision-making, or the right to object to the way data is being held or processed.

## 10. Sharing of Information with Third Parties

There may be circumstances where the Academy is required either by law or in the best interests of students or staff to pass information onto external authorities, for example local authorities, Ofsted, or the department of health. These authorities have to adhere to data protection law and have their own policies relating to the protection of any data that they receive or collect.

Personal data about children, will not be disclosed to third parties without the consent of the child (at an age who can act for themselves, specified under UK GDPR guidance) the child's parent or carer, unless it is obliged by law or in the best interest of the child.

Examples of data that may be disclosed to third parties without the need for consent:

- Other Academies: If a pupil transfers from one Academy to another Academy, their academic records and other data that relates to their health and welfare will be forwarded onto the new Academy.
- Examination authorities: This may be for registration purposes, to allow the pupils at the Academy to sit examinations set by external exam bodies.
- Health authorities:(under health legislation), the Academy may pass on information regarding the health of children in the Academy to monitor and avoid the spread of contagious diseases in the interest of public health.
- Police and courts: If a situation arises where a criminal investigation is being carried out we may have to forward information on to the police to aid their investigation.
- Social workers and support agencies: In order to protect or maintain the welfare of pupils, and in cases of child abuse, it may be necessary to pass personal data on to social workers or support agencies.
- Department for Education and Ofsted to help the government monitor and audit Academy performance and enforce laws relating to education.

The intention to share data relating to individuals to an organisation outside of the Academy shall be clearly defined within notifications and details of the basis for sharing given. These details are provided in the 'Information Audit Document' located on the Academy website. Data will be shared with external parties in circumstances where it is a legal requirement to provide such information, or where it is for the purpose of pupil provision, such as Academy meals and on-line curriculum work.

Any proposed change to the processing of individual's data shall be notified to them (see the 'Information Audit Document' above). Under no circumstances will the Academy disclose information or data:

- that would cause serious harm to the child or anyone else's physical or mental health or condition.

- indicating that the child is or has been subject to child abuse or may be at risk of it, where the disclosure **would not** be in the best interests of the child
- that would allow another person to be identified or identifies another person as the source, unless the person is an employee of the Academy or a local authority or has given consent, or it is reasonable in the circumstances to disclose the information without consent. The exemption from disclosure does not apply if the information can be edited so that the person's name or identifying details are removed
- any other situation where it **would not** be in the interest of the child

## 11. Data Access Requests (Subject Access Requests)

All individuals whose data is held by the Academy, has a legal right to request access to such data or information. A child may make a subject access request for themselves, specified under UK GDPR guidance. The Academy shall respond to reasonable and proportionate requests within one month, unless it is a complex request.

They should be made in writing to the Head Teacher, who may delegate the request (as specified in their role above).

In line with our safeguarding and UK GDPR obligations, some personal information may be redacted for reasons such as:

- Information that might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another person;
- Information requested that **would not** be in the best interest of the child
- Information containing personal information about more than one individual.

The Data Protection Officer (specified in 'Roles' above) will independently advise any requests as necessary. They will act as a contact point for data subjects and the supervisory authority. No charge will be applied to process the request. There is a right to appeal to the ICO upon dispute of a decision.

## 12. Right to be Forgotten:

Where any personal data is no longer required for its original purpose, an individual can demand that the processing is stopped and all their personal data is erased by the Academy including any data held by contracted processors.

## 13. Photographs and Video:

Images of staff and pupils may be captured at appropriate times and as part of educational activities for use in Academy only. Unless prior consent from parents/pupils/staff has been given, the Academy shall not utilise such images for publication or communication to external sources. It is the Academy's policy that external parties (including parents) may not capture images of staff or pupils during such activities without prior consent.

## 14. Location of Information and Data:

Hard copy data, records, and personal information are stored out of sight and in a locked cupboard. The only exception to this is medical information, attendance registers and signing in books (which must be immediately accessible and used in the case of an emergency). Sensitive or personal information and data should not be removed from the Academy site, however the Academy acknowledges that some staff may need to transport data between the Academy and their home in order to access it for work in the evenings and at weekends. This may also apply in cases where staff have offsite meetings, or are on Academy visits with pupils. Risks of identified breaches from existing processes have been considered and have been recorded on an Impact Assessment Form.

The following guidelines are in place for staff in order to reduce the risk of personal data being compromised:

- Paper copies of data or personal information should not be taken off the Academy site, unless the Data Controller has provided permission to do so (such as the need for emergency information during educational visits). If there is no other way to avoid taking a paper copy of data off the Academy site, the information should not be on view in public places, or left unattended under any circumstances.
- Unwanted paper copies of data, sensitive information or pupil files should be shredded. This also applies to handwritten notes if the notes reference any other staff member or pupil by name.
- Care must be taken to ensure that printouts of any personal or sensitive information are not left in printer trays or photocopiers.
- If information is being viewed on a PC, staff must ensure that the window and documents are properly shut down before leaving the computer unattended. Sensitive information should not be viewed on public computers.
- If it is necessary to transport data away from the Academy, it should be downloaded onto a password protected USB stick or computer. Computers will also be encrypted if it viable to do so. The data should not be transferred from computers or USB onto any public computers. Work should be edited from the USB, and saved onto the USB or authorised computers only.

These guidelines are clearly communicated to all Academy staff, and any person who is found to be intentionally breaching this conduct will be disciplined in line with the seriousness of their misconduct.

## 15. Data Security

In order to assure the protection of all data being processed and inform decisions on processing activities, we shall undertake an assessment of the associated risks of proposed processing and equally the impact on an individual's privacy in holding data related to them. Risk and impact assessments shall be conducted in accordance with guidance given by the ICO and in compliance with the Data Protection Regulations (UK GDPR).

Security of data shall be achieved through the implementation of proportionate physical and technical measures. Nominated staff shall be responsible for the effectiveness of the controls implemented and reporting of their performance. The security arrangements of any

organisation with which data is shared shall also be considered and where required these organisations shall provide evidence of the competence in the security of shared data.

## 16. Data Disposal / Storage

It is recommended by InMAT Trustees that all emails older than one year are either deleted or for legal purposes archived appropriately. This process and timeline should be noted within the data information audits. (Updated accordingly and replaced on website)

The Academy recognises that the secure disposal of redundant data is an integral element to compliance with legal requirements and an area of increased risk. All data held in any form of media (paper, tape, electronic) shall only be passed to a disposal partner with demonstrable competence in providing secure disposal services. All data shall be destroyed or eradicated to agreed levels meeting recognised national standards, with confirmation at completion of the disposal process. Disposal of IT assets holding data shall be in compliance with ICO guidance.

### **Abbreviations:**

UK GDPR – General Data Protection Regulations

ICO - Information Commissioners Office

DPO – Data Protection Officer: Plumsun – Ruth Hawker

**Written by:** Ruth Hawker, Plumsun Ltd, Data Protection Officer on behalf of the Academy/Trust

**Date revised :** 1<sup>st</sup> October 2025 - Only to be used or adapted by Academy members of Plumsun Ltd only

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